

| 1 | A full press moves the carriage to the outer <br> left to align with Reg II. Between pos 1 and <br> 8 a short half-press moves it one tab. | 11 | Enter multiplicand |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | Move the carriage left to align with Reg III <br> (normal position); also used to stop division | 12 | Start division after using Enter Dividend key 9 <br> (*) $^{*}$ |
| 3 | Clear Reg III | 13 | Start division if dividend is already in Reg III (*) |
| 4 | Clear Reg I | 14 | Start multiplication; Subtract from Reg III |
| 5 | Back Transfer from Reg II or III | 15 | Start multiplication; Add to Reg III |
| 6 | A single press moves the carriage to the <br> right to align with Reg III, then step by step. | 16 | Add (in either Reg II or III) |
| 7 | Clear Reg II | 17 | Subtract (in either Reg II or III) |
| 8 | Repeat (keep content of Reg I) | 18 | Down: Connect Reg II to memory. Upon <br> clearing Reg II its content is moved to memory |
| 9 | Enter dividend (in the left part of Reg III) | 19 | Pull down to retrieve the value from memory <br> (Clears memory when 18 is up) (**) |
| 10 | Clear Reg III, then start multiplication |  |  |

(*) Division:

- Key 9 enters the Input in the left part of Reg III. Key 12 (together with 13) start the division process in the left part of Reg III.
- If only key 13 is used to start a division, the division process starts at the position corresponding with the current alignment of Reg I with Reg III.
(**) Memory:
- If you want to keep the value in memory during calculations in Reg II disconnect it (18 up).

